# CURRICULUM COMMITTEE MEMBER HANDBOOK

Subcommittee of the Academic Senate

# Solano Community College

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# Committee Purpose, Structure, Procedures, and the Agenda



# **General Information**

The Curriculum Committee is a subcommittee of the Academic Senate; its composition, responsibilities, and authority are based on Title V (§ 53200) "10+1" requirements. All Committee actions on courses, programs, and other curricular and instructional business are sent to the Solano Community College Governing Board for approval.

#### The functions of the Committee are:

- To evaluate the overall curriculum needs within the College.
- To participate, in cooperation with the departments, in the curriculum planning, development, and review of short-range and long-range curriculum.
- To develop and/or implement state mandated policies and regulations (ex: Title V and IGETC) applicable to the curriculum and instruction.
- To present recommendations, through the Academic Senate, to the Governing Board regarding additions, modifications, and deletions in the College curriculum.
- To approve prerequisites and place courses within disciplines.
- To develop degrees, certificate requirements, and general education requirements.

# **Purpose**

The Academic Senate has delegated the responsibility for overseeing the college curriculum to the Curriculum Committee, a subcommittee of the Academic Senate. This means the Curriculum Committee is involved with everything that relates to the courses, programs, certificates, and degrees offered by Solano College as well as related policies and regulations.

The Curriculum Committee sets the curriculum standards at the College and monitors the courses and programs for compliance with those standards. This means the Committee reviews and approves or does not approve proposals for new programs, new courses, and modification of existing courses and programs. It also means the Committee is responsible for ensuring that courses and programs are in compliance with the Prerequisites, Co-requisites and Course Advisories Policy (Solano Community College District Policy #6023). Curriculum Committee approval or non-approval of co- and prerequisites and course advisories is part of the curriculum process.

The Curriculum Committee is involved in graduation standards and general education requirements for Solano College as well as identifying the courses to be submitted for approval to the California State Universities and the University of California system.

In summary, the Curriculum Committee provides the leadership for all areas that involve the College's curriculum. It is a faculty committee that reviews and recommends additions, deletions, and changes to the College's courses and programs.

# **Structure**

The proposed voting membership of the Curriculum Committee includes:

- Two elected faculty representatives from each of the academic schools and one elected faculty representative from Student Services, the Articulation Officer, and a Librarian.
- Two appointed academic deans.
- Two student representatives, appointed by the ASSC, one majoring in an academic subject and one majoring in a vocational subject.
- Permanent, non-voting members:
  - o Executive Vice President of Academic Affairs
  - o Curriculum Analyst

Administrative and faculty representatives shall be elected in the spring of the year to begin their term the following fall, and the student representatives will be selected by the ASSC at the beginning of the fall semester.

## **Terms of Members**

The faculty and academic dean representatives shall serve two-year terms with half the representatives elected each year. Student representatives shall serve for one year.

## Recalls

A committee member may be recalled by a majority vote of the group responsible for his/her election or by the curriculum Committee for not adequately carrying out his/her duties.

# **Committee Procedures**

# Meetings

The first meeting of the fall shall be called by the Chairperson. At that meeting, a calendar for the year will be adopted. The Curriculum Committee shall meet on a regularly scheduled the Curriculum Committee is required to adopt a calendar for the year at the first meeting in

basis. By policy, the Curriculum Committee is required to adopt a calendar for the year at the first meeting in the fall and to "meet on a regularly scheduled basis." By tradition, the Committee meets on the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Tuesdays of the month, beginning at 1:30 p.m. At the first meeting in the fall, the Committee is presented with a proposed calendar for the academic year, which shows all of the scheduled meeting dates and the agenda deadline dates. Any changes or adjustments to the calendar are made at that first meeting, and the calendar is then adopted and used to schedule Committee business throughout the academic year. Any

special meetings, ad hoc or subcommittee meetings called during the year will not be reflected on this calendar.

## **Quorum & Meeting Operations**

The operation of the meetings has evolved over the years as the result of efforts to move through the very large and complex agendas.

- The Committee meetings do NOT operate under Robert's Rules of Order.
- A quorum for all meetings is 51% of the voting membership.
- The Chair votes only in the case of a tie, but counts towards quorum.
- for more information on Curriculum Review.

See page 43 of this manual

- For each item on the agenda, there must be a "move to approve" and a "second;" then the item is opened for discussion. At the end of the discussion, a vote is taken. Approval of any item requires a simple majority vote of the members present.
- Prerequisites and co-requisites, as well as courses that involve Distance Education (according to the Title 5
  Definition), must be approved explicitly and in a separate action from approval of the course. This means that
  for all new courses with a prerequisite and/or co-requisite there must be two actions for approval. One "move
  for approval" and "second" for the course and another "move for approval" and a "second" for the prerequisite
  and/or co-requisite. (This is also true for course modifications involving prerequisites and co-requisites.) The
  same procedure applies to DE courses.
- Committee members may suggest changes to curriculum proposals.
- Generally, curriculum items are not considered unless they are listed on a printed agenda.
- Generally, the Committee will not consider proposals if there is no one from the school present at the meeting to answer any questions.
- Traditionally, the Committee does not take action on any business that has not been published in the agenda.

## **Subcommittees**

Subcommittees will be established as needed to perform tasks directly related to Curriculum Committee business.

#### **Ad Hoc Advisory Committees**

Ad hoc committees will be established as needed for advisory, investigative, and information gathering functions. Members of these committees need not be members of the Curriculum Committee.

#### **Curriculum Review**

The Curriculum Review is the process by which Solano College guarantees that its curriculum stays current and that academic standards are preserved. The Committee has established a calendar whereby each discipline conducts a complete curriculum review at least once every five years, in keeping with Title V requirements (§55003(b)(3)). Each discipline is responsible for conducting and completing its Curriculum Review process.

The discipline will receive review materials from the Curriculum Office and the discipline should plan accordingly for timely submission of materials to the Curriculum Committee. If a discipline fails to complete the Curriculum Review process within the semester specified on the calendar, the Curriculum Committee will not consider any curriculum proposals (new courses, course modification, or course deletions) from that discipline until the Curriculum Review process is completed. The Curriculum Committee reserves the right to grant extensions of the deadline, for extenuating circumstance, on a case-by-case basis.

#### **Committee Actions**

Approval of Curriculum Committee motions shall require "Yes" votes by a simple majority of the voting members present. Motions and seconds shall be recorded in the Curriculum Committee's minutes.

Approval of a course by the Committee does not guarantee funding, scheduling, or staffing.

All additions, deletions and modifications to the Solano Community College curriculum must be presented to and approved by the Curriculum Committee before being presented by the Academic Senate to the Board of Trustees for action. The Committee will only consider curriculum proposals that have been completed in accordance with instructions and directives that accompany the various proposal forms adopted by the Committee. All curriculum proposals submitted for Committee action must adhere to the deadline set forth in the Committee's calendar, adopted by the Committee at the beginning of each fall semester.

The Committee will approve or disapprove each proposal. The Committee may make recommendations for modifications. Curriculum representatives should notify their discipline of Committee actions.

Committee-approved curriculum proposals will be sent to the Solano College Board of Trustees for action.

#### **New Programs and Program Review**

The Academic Senate is the proper forum for the approval or disapproval of new programs and program reviews, as specified in Title V, Section 53200, items #4 & #9. At the request of the Academic Senate, the Curriculum Committee may be required to study, investigate and make recommendations on matters relating to curriculum, prerequisites, and degrees/certificates for programs or program review. These recommendations may be forwarded to the Academic Senate for possible action by the Senate.

# **Graduation Requirements**

The Curriculum Committee will consider changes to the graduation requirements at the request and direction of the Academic Senate. The recommendation of the Curriculum Committee shall be forwarded to the Academic Senate for possible action by the Academic Senate.

## **Amending Curriculum Committee Policy and Procedures**

Amendments and revision to this Curriculum Committee Policy and Procedures Manual must be presented to the Academic Senate for action. Review of the Policy and Procedures will be done at least every six years.

Adopted 12/11/84, Revised 9/85, 2/93, 5/95, 4/01, 10/9/01, Spring 2012



# The Agenda

#### Deadlines

The deadline for getting curriculum items on an agenda is usually ten working days prior to the date of the meeting. (Normally, this date is the Wednesday following a regularly scheduled Committee meeting.) No new proposals will be considered at the last meeting of

each semester; that meeting is reserved for proposals that were tabled earlier in the semester. All agenda deadline dates for the academic year are included on the calendar adopted by the Curriculum Committee at the first fall meeting.

#### **Development**

The agenda is developed and distributed by the Curriculum Office and the Chair. Curriculum proposals and any other item of business for inclusion on an agenda are submitted to the Curriculum Office. On the Tuesday, one

week prior to the meeting, the Curriculum Committee Chair reviews all items of business submitted for the agenda and places the items on the agenda in the appropriate category. Once the agenda has been set by the Chair, no further items may be placed on that agenda.

## **Compilation and Distribution**

The Curriculum Office emails copies of the agenda and related materials to the Committee members-at least three days prior to the meeting. Academic deans and administrative assistants as well as Admissions & Records receive an agenda and minutes and copies of any relevant curriculum items on the agenda. Copies of the agenda and minutes are posted online, after the Curriculum Committee has approved the minutes. If you have not received your agenda by the Monday preceding a scheduled meeting, call the Curriculum Office (ext. 4457) right away.

#### **General Information**

The order of the agenda is determined by the Committee Chair and the Curriculum Analyst based on what they think will provide the most efficient "flow" during the meeting. At the meeting, a member may request that an item or items be taken in a different order than they appear on the agenda. This request should be made before the time the agenda for the meeting is approved (usually the 2nd item of business on the agenda). Members may add items for discussion to the agenda under "Open Discussion" at the meeting but, traditionally, the Committee does not take action on any item of business that has not appeared on a published agenda.

#### **Review**

The first rule of reviewing the agenda and related materials is to do it PRIOR to the meeting! Members should come to the meetings prepared to ask any questions they have about items on the agenda and then to vote to approve or not approve the item. During the review, note on the agenda material any questions or concerns you want to bring up at the meeting. If you find you do not have all the material or information you need to do a thorough review or if you have a question regarding the agenda or related material, call the Curriculum Office staff at ext. 4457. They may be able to obtain the material you need or answer any procedural or technical questions.

# Role of the Committee Member

# **Roles & Duties**

#### **Duties of the Chair**

- 1. Call and conduct meetings of the Committee.
- 2. Prepare the agenda for meetings.
- 3. Edit minutes of each meeting and submit them to the Committee for ratification.
- 4. Provide additional information to the Committee when requested to do so.
- 5. Establish subcommittees and ad hoc committees as needed and monitor their progress
- 6. Prepare the curriculum Committee calendar, including deadlines, for the academic year and present it to the Committee for adoption.
- 7. Prepare and disseminate information to assist members in understanding changes in policies and regulations.

Curriculum development requires the cooperation of many people and offices. The Chairperson of the Committee will work closely with the Curriculum Office in monitoring the progress of course proposals and any other items to be presented to the Curriculum Committee.

#### **Duties of the Members**

- 1. Become informed about Curriculum Committee policies and procedures.
- 2. Attend all scheduled meetings, having read the agenda, minutes, and agenda items beforehand.
- 3. Study all items listed on the agenda and be prepared for discussion and making recommendations at meetings, per the *Course Outline of Record Checklist* (pg. 49).
- 4. Determine the merits of proposals based on an objective analysis of the information presented including the effects upon the college-wide curriculum.
- 5. Vote to approve or disapprove curriculum proposals and any other appropriate items brought to the Committee for a vote.
- 6. Make recommendations concerning instructional goals and policies of the College, at the request of the Academic Senate.
- 7. Serve as liaison from the Curriculum Committee to schools for information regarding curricular issues. Examples: course proposals, calendars, articulation, etc.
- 8. Inform those making proposals of the date on which the proposals will be considered and the disposition of their proposals by the Committee.
- 9. If a proposal is rejected, make certain proposer is informed of the reason(s) for the rejection.

#### **New Members**

?

New members are often overwhelmed with the scope and volume of their tasks as members of the Curriculum Committee. Some have expressed concern about making decisions on courses in areas outside of their own expertise. And while the Curriculum Committee is responsible for the overall direction and focus of the College's curriculum, the vast majority of the time members are reviewing courses and programs to determine

whether they meet the established curriculum standards. They are considering such questions as: Does the course have the appropriate prerequisites? Does the outline show that the course will require critical thinking? Is there evidence of enough outside class work to support the amount of units?

Becoming familiar with the course standards is probably the first task a new member should undertake.

An extremely important role for the Committee member is serving as the **communication link** between the Curriculum Committee and his/her constituent group— Academic Deans, students, and faculty. Curriculum and instructional issues discussed at the Committee meetings need to be taken back to the member's constituent groups, and issues and concerns brought up by constituent groups need to be communicated back to the Curriculum Committee. The Committee member is responsible for making this two-way communication happen.

In partnership with the Dean, providing curriculum leadership within the school is a primary responsibility of the faculty committee members. This includes helping departmental faculty with the curriculum process, forms, and procedures. Even if you do not know the answers to all the questions regarding curriculum, you should know where to find them.

Members should be able to answer general questions about the process, deadlines, current issues and the Section K portion of the course outline, and/or know where to find answers. Committee members should be able to help proposers identify problem areas the proposer might encounter before starting and help proposers complete the course proposal forms if necessary. Committee members should be able to review and critique the proposal: is critical thinking reflected in the objectives, methods of evaluation, and the content outline? If degree applicable, does the course have the minimum standards as advisories? If repeatable, is repeatability reflected in the content outline? See the *Course Outline of Record Checklist* (pg. 49).

## **Curriculum Office Role**

- Help Academic Deans, committee representatives, administrative assistants and proposers find answers to their questions about policies, the agenda, etc.
- Anticipate and resolve problems with proposals prior to placing on the agenda; enforce agenda deadlines.
- Ensure that Committee actions are implemented in all appropriate areas (i.e.: course master, catalog, schedule of courses, etc.)

#### When Reviewing a Course for Approval

The following are some questions to keep in mind as you review a course. See the *Course Outline of Record Checklist* (pg. 49) and the *Course Outline of Record: A Curriculum Reference Guide* (COR:CRG) for more:

• Does this course fit the mission of the College?

- Is this a college-level course?
- Is the incorporation of critical thinking apparent throughout the outline, particularly in the Objectives, Methods of Instruction and Methods of Evaluation? (COR:CRG 24)
- Is the course outline integrated? Does each part of the outline reinforce (integrate with) the purpose of the other parts in the outline? (COR:CRG 5-6)

# Various areas on a new course proposal form interrelate. For instance:

- The number of units indicated in the Section K should correspond with the amount of content information provided in the Content Outline area.
- Methods of Evaluating Student Achievement need to link to stated Student Performance Objectives
- Course Preparation and Student Assignments/Homework need to be feasible: if the "Course Advisory" is the SCC Minimum English standard, but the "Required Writing Assignments" area includes a research project, then these two areas do not "mesh." The SCC Minimum English standard is equivalent only to eligibility for English 370. Ability to do a research paper requires completion of English 1.

# **Curriculum Process**



# **New Course Approval Process**

Ideas for a new course may originate from staff, students, advisory committees, community groups or individuals. Course proposals for the Curriculum Committee must come from faculty. All proposals will be considered by the appropriate discipline, the Curriculum Committee and, upon approval of the Curriculum Committee, the

administration.

Proposals for new courses and programs are completed and submitted to the Curriculum Office via CurricUNET for processing, then forwarded to the Curriculum Committee for action. Courses and programs recommended for approval by the Curriculum Committee are forwarded to the Superintendent-President to be added to the Governing Board's agenda. Approval of the Board is required for all curriculum actions. For new programs and noncredit courses, separate approval from the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and/or Commission on Postsecondary Education must be obtained before the program or noncredit course may be offered.

Approved courses and/or programs will be offered as needed upon recommendation of the discipline and approval of the administration. Approval of a new course does not guarantee that it will be offered.

# **Preparation of the Application for New Course Proposal Form**

Adequate planning prior to preparation of the proposal application is essential. Advisory committees are most helpful in curriculum planning and revision. The appropriate Dean and the Curriculum Committee representative provide the curriculum leadership in the discipline and should be involved in the process throughout the development of a new course proposal. In addition, the curriculum planning process includes consulting with the Executive Vice President of Academic Affairs and the Articulation Officer, and the Library faculty. The EVP of Academic Affairs should be consulted early in the process, during the planning stage. For transferable courses and general education courses, the proposal must be reviewed and signed off by the Articulation Officer prior to being submitted to the Curriculum Committee. For clarification of the curriculum process, contact the appropriate Dean, the Curriculum Committee representative, or the Curriculum Office.

# **General Proposal Submission/Approval Process**

The Curriculum Committee representative has a very important role in the curriculum process. Together with the Academic Dean, the representative works with faculty to move curriculum proposals through the required process. A condensed version of the curriculum process is as follows:

STEP 1

Proposer confers with Dean and Committee representative about the viability of the proposal. If course has content that may overlap with another school(s)/department(s) or may affect a program in other school(s)/department(s), Academic Dean and Committee rep consult the Dean and Committee rep of the other school(s)/department(s).

STEP 2

Necessary curriculum forms and all appropriate supplementary forms are completed via CurricUNET.

#### STEP 3

Signatures are executed via CurricUNET. Clicking the  ${}^{1}$ S[VS] icon will produce a visual signature tree, displaying a course's progression through the necessary signatures. For new courses, the signature process (see the image below) is:

- A: the Articulation Officer (for transfer courses only), the discipline's Curriculum Representative, the discipline's faculty members, and the discipline's Librarian Liaison.
- B: the appropriate Dean

## STEP 4

Technical Review

STEP 5

Proposal is submitted to the Curriculum Committee for consideration and action.

STEP 6

The Curriculum Office and the Executive Vice President sign.

STEP 7

Proposal is submitted to the Governing Board for action.

STEP 8

Proposal is implemented in the college curriculum, after any required approval from the Chancellor's Office.

Articulation Officer

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Example of the CurricUNET signature tree with various levels in the

A primary role of the Committee representative is to know and understand this process and, along with the Dean, to work with the faculty to move through it. **The Curriculum Committee representative's signature indicates that the curriculum meets the Curriculum Committee's curriculum standards.** It is possible that the representative does NOT support the proposal but does feel that the proposal meets the curriculum standards.

#### WHEN CAN A COURSE BE OFFERED?

BEST PRACTICE:

Allow three weeks to complete the three levels of signatures before any Curriculum Committee deadline.

For transferable courses, a "Fall to Fall, Spring to Spring" schedule applies. This means:

- If a transferable course is approved in the fall of a given year, it can be offered to students the following fall.
- If a transferable course is approved in the spring of a given year, it can be offered to students the following spring.
- Exceptions include Special Topics courses and changes to a course's Methods of Instruction to online.

## **Timeline and Signatures**

In Step 3 (above), the discipline faculty of a course proposal must sign off on the course before it can proceed through subsequent steps.

Four discipline faculty signatures are the required minimum:

- One (1): the course originator
- Two (2): full-time discipline faculty members (If there are fewer than three full-time faculty in a discipline, then adjunct faculty or faculty from closely related disciplines can be used.)
- One (1): the Curriculum Rep

The three signatures noted above constitute the minimum number of signatures a proposal must obtain. Ideally, however, all full-time faculty of a discipline need to sign proposals—new courses, modifications, prerequisites, etc. —for that discipline.

Although the signature process is electronic, and email notifications should notify the next person in the signature tree that the course awaits their approval, course authors are responsible for ensuring that their course progresses through the signature tree in a timely fashion. Courses received by the Curriculum Office without all necessary signatures on or before the Agenda Due Date will not be placed on the next meeting's agenda.

# Standards and Criteria



The Program and Course Approval Handbook [PCAH] (3rd ed.) is the basis for the curriculum development standards and criteria outlined below. More in-depth information and guidelines from this section of the Member Manual can be found in the PCAH. The PCAH is available via the statewide Academic Senate website or from the Curriculum Committee Chair.

# **Development Criteria**

The following five criteria should guide authors and committee members through the program and course development, modification, and approval process; these criteria are also used by the Chancellor's Office for program approval. (PCAH 2-3)

- A. Appropriateness to Mission
- B. Need
- C. Curriculum Standards
- D. Adequate Resources
- E. Compliance

# **Degree Credit Courses**

"Credit courses are considered to be program-applicable when they are required or are on a list of restricted electives for a degree, certificate or program approved by the Chancellor's Office." (PCAH 23) The committee is tasked with examining a course to determine that it is "college level" and requires critical thinking. (PCAH 29)

#### Criteria

Only courses within the following categories may be offered as a degree credit course (§55062):

- lower division courses accepted toward the baccalaureate degree by the CSU or UC systems or designed as a transfer course
- applies to major/area of emphasis in the CTE fields (courses within a TOP code designated as vocational)
- English composition/reading courses not more than one level below the first transfer level course in these areas
- all Math courses above/including Elementary Algebra
- credit courses in English and Math taught in or on behalf of other departments and which, as
  determined by the local governing board are comparable to required skills at a level equivalent to
  those necessary for degree-applicable English and Math courses.

#### **Standards**

- **grading policy**, demonstrating proficiency in subject matter via written communication, problem solving and/or demonstration of skills (§55023)
- units, requiring a minimum of 48 hours (per unit) of lecture, lab, out-of-class assignments, or other types of study (§55002.5)

- **intensity & rigor**, as seen in the linking of the course topics, objectives, assignments, assessments, and reading materials in the COR. It is expected that for every one hour of lecture students will need to spend two hours outside of class to achieve a course's objectives.
- recommended preparation for success such as pre/co-requisites (§55003)
- Basic skills prerequisites for success dependent on communication and/or computation skills may include eligibility to enroll in specific English and/or Math courses, determined by an approved assessment method.
- **difficulty & level**, ensuring the course requires critical thinking, learning skills and vocabulary appropriate for a college-level course as determined by the committee

# **Non-Degree Credit Courses**

A credit course that is not part of an approved certificate or program (see "Degree Credit Courses") or that is part of a certificate of fewer than 18 semester units is known as a "stand alone course"/Non-Degree credit course. (PCAH 24) Basic Skills courses fall into this category.

Certificate of Achievement: a group of courses within the same TOP code totaling 18 semester units, linked as pre/corequisites. Requires Chancellor's Office Approval.

#### Criteria

The four types of non-degree credit courses are (§55002b):

- nondegree-applicable basic skills courses (§55000j)
- courses designed to prepare students to succeed in degree-applicable credit courses that integrate basic skills instruction and assign grades partly upon demonstrated mastery of basic skills.
- precollegiate CTE preparation courses that provide foundation skills for enrollment in credit degree-applicable CTE programs.
- CTE courses for which meeting the standards for degree-applicable credit courses is neither necessary nor required.

#### **Standards**

- **grading policy**, demonstrating proficiency in subject matter via written communication, problem solving and/or demonstration of skills (§55023)
- units, requiring a minimum of 48 hours (per unit) of lecture, lab, out-of-class assignments, or other types of study (§55002.5)
- intensity, as evidenced by the COR; provide instruction in critical thinking, prepare students for independent study outside of class time, include reading/writing assignments, and prepare students to succeed in degree-applicable credit courses. (PCAH 31)
- recommended preparation for success such as pre/corequisities (§55003)

# **Non-Credit Courses**

Non-credit will be covered under the PCAH Module 3 which is not yet published.

# **Programs & Certificates**

Title V §55000(g) defines an educational program as "an organized sequence of courses leading to a defined objective, a degree, a certificate, a diploma, a license, or transfer to another institution of higher education."

# **Credit Programs**

ASSOCIATE DEGREES (AA, AS, AA-T, AA-S)

The associate degree is composed of three parts: general education (GE), a major or area of emphasis, and additional graduation requirements or electives, bringing the degree's total units to 60 semester units, minimum (PCAH 11). Exceptions to these three requirements apply to an associate degree in nursing [CEC §66055.8] (PCAH 11).

#### CERTIFICATES OF ACHIEVEMENT

A Certificate of Achievement is any credit certificate requiring 18+ semester units of degree-applicable coursework that is approved by the Chancellor's Office. It can appear on a transcript, diploma, or completion award. (PCAH 12). See Title V §55070 for details. Exceptions to the 18+ semester units rule may be made; see pages 12-13 and 47 of the PCAH.

Certificates for fewer than 18 semester units without Chancellor's Office approval may be awarded, but must be called something other than "Certificate of Achievement".

"Any group of credit courses in the same four-digit T.O.P. code, which total 18 or more semester units and which are linked to one another by prerequisites or corequisites, are defined as an 'educational program' that requires Chancellor's Office approval as a Certificate of Achievement." (PCAH 13)

# Carnegie Unit & the Relationship of Hours to Units

For every one unit of credit, students are expected to complete a minimum of 48 hours of lecture, study, and/or lab work. (§55002.5) The general expected range of hours per unit is 48-54. For each hour of lecture, students are expected to spend an additional two hours of study outside of class. In general, students are not expected to study outside the classroom in laboratory or activity courses.

#### **Examples**

	Units	Hours (min.) in-class	Homework (min.)	Total Student Learning Time
Lecture Only	1 lecture	16 hours lecture	32 hours	48 hours
Lab Only	1 lab	48 hours lab		48 hours
Lecture Only	3 lecture	48 hours lecture	96 hours	144 hours
Lecture/Lab Combined	3 lab	32 hours lecture + 48 hours lab	64 hours out of class study	

One hour of class or laboratory time is equal to 50 minutes (§58023).

One hour of out of class study time is equal to 60 minutes.

For information on repeatability, open courses, students with disabilities, open-entry/open-exit, education, please see the PCAH (34-39).		

# The Course Outline of Record



The Course Outline of Record (COR) is an accurate representation of the quality of instruction delivered and the expected content and objectives in a given course. Aside from serving as a contract between students, faculty, and the District, its purpose includes facilitating articulation with four-year institutions, providing data for Program Review and Planning, documenting academic standards, and providing a roadmap for the development of syllabi.

The course is described in a course outline of record that shall be maintained in the official college files and made available to each instructor. The course outline of record shall specify the unit value, the expected number of contact hours for the course as a whole, the prerequisites, corequisites or advisories on recommended preparation (if any) for the course, the catalog description, objectives, and content in terms of a specific body of knowledge. The course outline shall also specify types or provide examples of required reading and writing assignments, other outside-of-class assignments, instructional methodology, and methods of evaluation for determining whether the stated objectives have been met by students. [§55002 (a)3]

# The Integrated COR

"At the most fundamental level 'integration' occurs when each element of the course outline of record reinforces the purpose of the other elements in the course outline." (COR:CRG 5)

There should be a relationship between:

- the course objectives and the methods of evaluation.
- the course objectives and the subject/content outline.

If appropriate for the type of course being developed, the COR should integrate critical thinking, writing/problem solving, college-level skills, and vocabulary. Access for students with disabilities should also be considered.

## A complete COR includes:

All elements outlined in Title V §55002(a), (b) or (c) including unit value, contact hours, requisites, catalog description, objectives, and content. The outline must also include types or examples of outside assignments, instructional methodology, and methods of evaluation.

See the ASCCC's <u>Course</u>
<u>Outline of Record: A</u>
<u>Curriculum Reference Guide</u>
(Spring 2008)

# **CurricUNET Course Outline of Record**



#### COURSE DEPARTMENT

This information identifies the discipline (department) under which a course will be offered. The course number indicates the transferability of a course and is assigned upon consultation with the appropriate Dean and the Curriculum Analyst.

#### COURSE NUMBER

The following is the numbering system used:

001-049	Qualify for the AA/AS Degree; transfer to the University of California system and the California State Universities.
050-099	Qualify for the AA/AS Degree and transfer to the California State Universities.
100-199	Qualify for the AA/AS Degree but, generally, do not transfer to four-year institutions. Some courses may be used to meet requirements in certain majors at some four-year institutions.
200-299	Vocational, credit courses which DO NOT apply to the AA/AS Degree and do not transfer to four-year institutions.
300-399	Credit courses which DO NOT apply to the AA/AS Degree. Exception: One English course one level below English 001 which may be applied to the Associate Degree as an elective and one elementary algebra course which may be applied as an elective. These courses do not transfer to four-year institutions.
500-599	Noncredit courses.
x48, x98	Special topics courses or Experimental courses

# **Course & Computer Titles**

The official title of a course is unlimited in length and is the "full course title". The title that appears in the printed schedule of classes ("computer title") must be abbreviated to no more than 19 positions, including spaces.

## **Program Information**

#### IN AN APPROVED PROGRAM

The program appears on the Solano College Inventory of Approved Programs. The Program title appearing on the Inventory and corresponding TOPs code number must be provided in the appropriate text fields.

#### PART OF A NEW PROGRAM

A course that will be submitted to the Chancellor's Office as part of a New Program package. The Program title and corresponding TOPs code number must be provided in the appropriate text fields.

#### NOT PART OF AN APPROVED PROGRAM

A course which does not fit appropriately under the umbrella of any the programs appearing on the Solano College Inventory of Approved Programs and is not part of a New Program package.

# **CB09 SAM Code**

The Student Accountability Model code is determined by the appropriate Dean and manager. Click on the appropriate button to indicate whether the course is:

- A = Apprenticeship
- B = Advanced Occupational
- C = Clearly Occupational
- D = Possibly Occupational
- E = Non-Occupational

Courses must be coded as either A or B to be considered part of the Gainful Employment Program.

#### **CB11 California Classification Codes**

- A = Baccalaureate oriented/transfer or associate degree courses
- B = Compensatory courses
- C = Adult elementary and secondary basic skills courses
- D = Personal development and survival courses
- E = Courses for substantially handicapped persons
- F = Parenting and family support courses
- G = Community and civic development courses
- H = General and cultural courses
- I = Voc./tech. transfer, degree and certificate courses and continuing education vocational/technical certificate courses

Most courses fall in to category A for classification.

# **Change Information**

These checkboxes are used during a course modification; indicate which areas of the COR are being modified.

## **Open Entry/Open Exit**

With an open-entry/open-exit course, students may enter after the semester starts and exit upon completion of clearly defined course objectives. These courses are always positive attendance courses.

## **Impact Report Ran**

CurricUNET will run an impact report. It is recommended that faculty run an impact report (under the WR menu) to determine if changes to a particular course will impact any other courses or programs.

## **Catalog Description**

The catalog description is a brief explanation of the course. It clearly identifies critical or key content areas for the student. Information about teaching methods and procedures not directly related to course content should not be included in a description.

- Maximum length: two to three short phrases or sentences
- Active voice: write in present tense language. The first sentence must begin with an active verb (Explores, Studies, Covers, Provides, etc.)
- Either phrases or full sentences as appropriate
- The subject is normally understood, does not need to be expressed--avoid "the student will learn..."

## **Justification**

Provide an explanation of how the course came to be developed and how it fits into the mission of the college. Also, provide specific information on the need this course will address; e.g., current student enrollment in preceding or similar courses; survey of student interest on campus or among employers; community demand based upon needs survey, telephone requests, correspondence; employer demand.

## **Other Catalog Information**

Indicate here if the course requires off-campus field trips, alternative meeting sites, or other special circumstances/requirements, etc.

Indicate in this area if the course is a credit/non-credit course and/or an open-entry/open-exit course. Credit/no-credit courses may not be taken for a regular letter grade.

## **Course Length**

Indicate if the course will typically be offered for a full semester. If the course will typically be offered for less than a full semester, indicate the number of weeks for which the course will typically be offered.

Information provided in this section does not preclude the course being offered in a different format occasionally; however, it should reflect how the course will typically be offered.

#### **Proposed Start**

Select the semester when this course is to be offered for the first time. This can be an estimate.

# **Department Planning (new courses only)**

#### OTHER DEPARTMENTS

If the course will impact another department and needs to be reviewed by the department, select it here. With this selected, another school's Dean's signature will be required.

FACILITIES, EQUIPMENT, EXPENDABLE SUPPLIES

Provide specific and complete information.

#### PROJECTION OF NUMBER OF SECTIONS

Estimate the total number of sections of the course that will be offered annually (fall, spring, and summer) for the next three years in the three blank boxes. In the "Basis for projection" field, provide the rationale used to reach the estimated number of sections.

# **Units & Hours**

#### **Units**

The minimum standard for unit calculation for all credit courses is three hours work per week including class time for each unit of credit. See this manual's section on *Standards and Criteria* for details. Possible structures for meeting this requirement are as follows:

Lecture	1 hour lecture and 2 hours work outside class
Lab or Activity	3 hours lab or activity; or, 2 hours lab or activity & 1 hour work outside of class
Hours By Arrangement	48 hours/semester equals 1 unit (the equivalent of 3 hours per week)
Self-Paced	3 hours lab or independent work assigned, or any combination thereof
Learning Lab	Same as "Lab or Activity", above.
Work Experience	Hours are mandated by law

Half units of credit are permitted for all of the above structures. Requests for exceptions to the above will be considered by the Curriculum Committee on a case-by-case basis.

# **Weekly Contact Hours**

Provide the exact breakdown of weekly hours. Refer to "Units" (above) for lecture/lab/activity hours per unit criteria. The weekly hours fields will automatically populate. For variable and optional unit courses, use a hyphen to express the range of hours.

#### Workload

For REGULAR and ONLINE courses, enter in the text fields the number of Category I, Category II, and Category III hours per week (based on the definitions below). The program will automatically calculate the workload values for each category and provide the total activity points for the course.

The following reflects the current contract as of Spring 2012 and is subject to change dependent upon the contract.

- Category 1 courses require a minimum of one (1) hour outside the classroom for instructor preparation, evaluation, performance, set-up or breakdown, and rehearsal for each hour of class.
- Category 2 courses require less than one (1) hour of instructor time outside class in preparation, evaluations, and facilities set-up or breakdown.
- Category 3 courses require less instructor time outside class in preparation, evaluation, facilities set up or breakdown than Categories 1 and 2 courses.

If the course is less than a full semester, provide the prorated activity points information.

# **Proposal Information**

#### REPEATABILITY

If a course is currently repeatable and no changes are being made to this portion of the course, no further action is necessary. The following information applies if a course is being changed from "not repeatable" to "repeatable", or if repeatability is being increased.

This area does not refer to repeating courses because of substandard grades or a lapse of time since the student previously took the course.

A course may be repeatable only if the course content differs each time it is offered and the student who repeats it is gaining an expanded educational experience for one of the following reasons:

- 1. Skills and proficiencies are enhanced by supervised repetition and practice within class periods.
- 2. Active participatory experience in individual study or group assignments is the basic means by which learning objectives are attained.

The course content outline must clearly and specifically show how the course differs and which skills or proficiencies are enhanced each time the course is repeated.

"Repeatable courses must be clearly identified in the college catalog, and repetition must be limited to not more than three semesters or five quarters." (PCAH 33, Title V.55041) Repeatability is approved by the Curriculum Committee. Courses may be identified as repeatable when:

- Repetition of the course is necessary for a student to meet a legally mandated training requirement as a condition of continued paid or volunteer employment.
- The content of the course differs each time it is offered.
- The course is an "activity course" in which the student meets course objectives by repeating a similar primary educational activity and gains an expanded educational experience each time the course is repeated.

"Activity courses that are designated as repeatable include, but are not limited to, physical education courses and visual or performing arts courses in music, fine arts, theater or dance." (PCAH 33) There are limitations to physical education and visual or performing arts course repeatability. See the PCAH (33-34) for additional information.

Enter the number of the recommended class size. Base the recommended maximum enrollment on the largest number of students who can be accommodated for sound learning conditions. Take into account the average drop-out rate in the discipline area when recommending class size.

The "Rationale for recommended size" is a text field. Rationale for the class size determination should be based on pedagogical reasons. See §19.402 of the Collective Bargaining Contract for more information on class size.

GRADING

- Letter grade or P/NP means that faculty can award either pass/no pass or a letter grade
- Non-Credit course does not receive a grade (and should be numbered 500-599)
- P/NP course only awards a "pass" or a "no pass" for the course
- Letter Grade Only awards only letter grades of A, B, C, D or F for the course.

# **Degree/Transfer Applicability**

This information indicates the degree applicability of the course. Note: This information must correspond with the assigned course number.

#### **Non-Credit Course**

A course may be offered as non-credit only if it fits one of the following categories:

- 1. Parenting, including parent cooperative preschools, classes in child growth and development of parent/child relationships, and classes in parenting.
- 2. Elementary and secondary basic skills and other courses and classes such as remedial academic courses or classes in reading, mathematics, and language arts.
- 3. English as a Second Language
- 4. Citizenship for immigrants
- 5. Education programs for substantially handicapped.
- 6. Short-term vocational programs with high employment potential Education programs for older adults
- 7. Education programs win home economics
- 8. Health and safety education

All new non-credit courses must be approved by the Chancellor's Office prior to the course being offered.

# **General Education**

Refer to the current SCC General Catalog under "Graduation Requirements" and "Transfer to Four-Year Colleges and Universities" to determine whether the proposed course is associate degree, IGETC and/or CSU G.E. applicable. This area should be completed AFTER consulting with the Articulation Officer.

# **Articulation Information**

Required for transferrable courses only. Describe the work done on articulation with 4-year institutions. Provide detailed answers for all areas and attach supportive materials to the proposal when submitted to the Curriculum Office. For courses numbered 1 through 99, indicating transferability to U.C. and/or CSU, the completed course proposal application must be signed by the Articulation Officer BEFORE it can continue through the signature process. The Articulation Officer's recommendations are for advisory purposes.

# Requisites

Although all corequisites and prerequisites must be validated every 5 years, the Committee allows the use of the "Re-validation of Prerequisite and/or Corequisite" form and process for those courses that have course preparations which have been validated by the department and approved by the Committee previously and have not changed. In order to add requisites, a requisite analysis must have been performed. *For content review, it is required that the requisites and requisite analysis be reviewed and approved.* 

Co & Prerequisites

CO-REQUISITES

There are two types of co-requisites:

ONE

A course or equivalent preparation that must be taken concurrently with another course. The skills and proficiencies of a co-requisite course are so INTERDEPENDENT with the content of another course that the courses (or equivalent preparation) must be taken together. The criterion for this type of course is not just that without the skills in one course the student will not reasonably succeed in the other but further that skill "A" in course "X" must be learned before the student can learn skill "B" in course "Y" - sort of back and forth or two-way prerequisite.

TWO

Course "X" is required for course "Y", but also course "Y" is not required for course "X". A course or equivalent preparation that may be completed before OR taken concurrently with another course. This forms a "one-way" co-requisite: Course "X" may be taken before or during course "Y".

Both types of co-requisites are listed under "Prerequisites," but the second type is followed by the parenthetical phrase "may be taken concurrently." A student's enrollment in a course with a co-requisite is blocked until the requirements of the co-requisite are satisfied.

#### **DEFINITION**

A course or equivalent preparation that must be completed before enrolling in another course. Skills and proficiencies gained in the prerequisite course or equivalent preparation are not taught in the subsequent course but, in order for students to succeed in the subsequent course, they must have the skills and or/proficiencies provided in the prerequisite course or equivalent preparation.

A student's enrollment in a course with a prerequisite is blocked until the requirements of the prerequisite are satisfied.

#### COURSE PREPARATION OPTIONS

- Sequential courses within and across disciplines
- Standard Co/Prerequisite
- Co/Prerequisite of a course in communication and/or computation for a course outside of those disciplines
- · Recency or other Measures of Readiness
- Health and Safety

All corequisites and prerequisites must be validated and revalidated at least every five years during the curriculum

review process. The validation process varies, depending upon the type of co/prerequisite:

TYPE OF CO/PRE REQUISITE	REQUIRES CONTENT REVIEW?*	REQUIRES STATISTICAL VALIDATION?**	OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Sequential within & across disciplines	$\checkmark$		
Standard Co/Prerequisite	$\checkmark$		
Course in communication or computational skills outside the discipline as co/prerequisites for courses other than another skills course	✓	✓	Identify and provide the names of at least three UC and/or CSU campus that offer the equivalent course with the equivalent prerequisite.
Recency & other measures of readiness	✓	<b>√</b>	If there is no statistical validation information for existing courses with co/prerequisite of recency or other measure of readiness, the co/ prerequisite MUST be removed from the course.
Health & Safety	✓		Narrative Justification

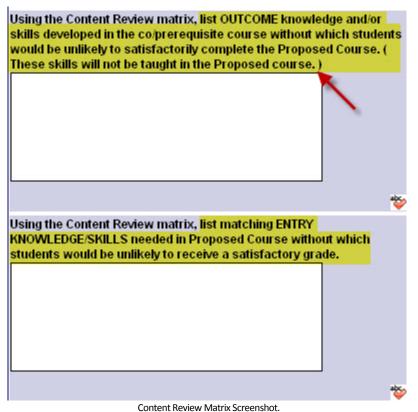
<sup>\*</sup>The content review process consists of matching entry skills required in the subject course with the exit skills of the prerequisite course or other experience (such as employment in a given field.) Content review requires the completion of the prerequisite forms "Content Review Matrix" and "Course Outline of Record Addendum".

<sup>\*\*</sup>In order to perform statistical validation, instructors should contact Peter Cammish who has all of the necessary information. Only new courses that have never been offered have a two-year grace period to complete the statistical validation component.

Program Co/Prerequisite: in order to put a co/prerequisite on a program, the same co/prerequisite must be required in at least one course within the program (not necessarily the first course).

The Content Review Matrix in CurricUNET is where authors should list:

- OUTCOME knowledge and/or skills developed in the co/prerequisite course without which students would be unlikely to satisfactorily complete the Proposed Course. (These skills will not be taught in the Proposed Course.)
- ENTRY KNOWLEDGE/SKILLS needed in Proposed Course without which students would be unlikely to receive a satisfactory grade.



## BEST PRACTICE:

A course's assignments must be appropriate to its advisories. Example: if a student will be required to complete a research paper, or to perform extensive writing and reading, the advisory should reflect that level of proficiency expected.

Content Neview Wilding Scieenshot.

Co/Prerequisites must be revalidated every five years, during Curriculum Review.

**Course Advisories** 

#### **DEFINITION**

A course or equivalent preparation that will broaden or deepen a student's learning experience in a subsequent course.

Advisory skills or the lack of advisory skills may not be considered in the evaluation of student work in a course. A student's enrollment in a course with an advisory is not blocked for lack of the advisory skill.

Advisories indicate to students that their success in a given course will be greatly improved if they complete advisory courses beforehand.

The Curriculum Committee assumes that, in accordance with the Title V Standards and Criteria for Courses and Classes, all degree-applicable courses are comprised of academically rigorous, college-level curriculum. Therefore, in order to insure that students are able to perform math, reading and

writing at the level needed to be

successful in Associate Degree courses across the disciplines, the SCC Curriculum Committee has established recommended minimum English and mathematics standards.

Consistent with the assumption that all degree applicable courses are college-level, and in compliance with Title V, Standards and Criteria for Courses and Classes, the Committee expects that the minimum English and Mathematic Standards will be recommended for all degree-applicable courses.

BEST PRACTICE:

List at least the SCC
Minimum for English and
Math Standards as
Advisories on every degreeapplicable course.

#### MINIMUM STANDARDS

At SCC, the minimum standards in English & Math for Associate Degree level courses are:

English	Math	
Eligibility for ENG 370	Eligibility for Math 330	

# **Distance Education**

For Online/Distance Education and Hybrid courses, see this Manual's section on Distance Education, which explains the separate approval process required for DE courses and adaptations of delivery/instruction/evaluation methods, as well as the required sample assignment.

# **Delivery Methods**

## DEFINITIONS

Hybrid	Online
Less than 51%, but some portion of the class, is online	51% or more of the course is online
Distance Education Guidelines (2008 Omnibus Version), from the CCC Chancellor's Office (pg 7)	

# Library

The Library provides books and other resources to supplement classroom instruction. Consulting with Faculty Librarians during the developmental stage of the curriculum process allows joint planning for materials that may need to be obtained for the proposed class and allows the course proposer an opportunity to see what materials are already available. All new course proposals MUST be reviewed and signed by a certificated library faculty member BEFORE it can continue through the signature process. Library faculty have "read only" access to all proposals in the working area.

# **Objectives**

## **Course Objectives**

Course Objectives describe the major objectives for student learning. List the major competencies students will be able to demonstrate as a result of successfully completing the course. Objectives must be related to the information provided under "Methods of Evaluating Student Achievement".

Objectives for all credit courses must indicate that students will learn critical thinking skills and be able to apply concepts at college level. See the *Bloom's Taxonomy* (pg. 48) for a list of suggested critical thinking terms which may be helpful in establishing objectives appropriate to a particular course.

# **Methods of Instruction**

The method of instruction for a course may be a combination of the types listed below. If there is more than one method of instruction for a course, list the primary method first. If "Other Methods" are used, provide details in available text box.

2-Lecture/Discussion
4-Lab/Activity
11-Tutor Non-Credit
20-Work Experience Credit
40-Directed Study/Independent Study
72-Online/Distance Education\*
90-Field Experience/Field Observation
HY-Hybrid (less than 51%, but some portion of the class, is online)
LL-Lect/Lab

\*For Online/Distance Education and Hybrid courses, please also see this Manual's section on Distance Education. Note that if the course is to be taught in a distance education format, the DE section of the checklist must also be completed.

# **Methods of Evaluation (Student Achievement)**

All courses require descriptions of evaluation methods which measure how well students have mastered the student performance objectives. All credit courses must provide for measurement of student performance in terms of the stated objectives and culminate in a formal recorded grade based on uniform standards. Grades

must be based on demonstrated proficiency in subject matter and the ability to demonstrate that proficiency,

at least in part, by means of essays, or in courses where the instructor deems them to be appropriate, problem-solving exercises or skills demonstrated by students.

For credit courses, evaluation should be consistent with stated student performance objectives. It is recommended that proficiency be evaluated by a variety of methods to determine students' knowledge of content and ability to think critically and apply college-level concepts. Additionally, it is recommended that both subjective (essays, short answer, etc.) and objective evaluations be used. The sole use of multiple chose and/or true-false test items is discouraged.

# **Assignments**

# **Student Assignments/Homework**

Lecture courses must require two (2) hours of independent work outside of class per unit of credit for each hour.

## REQUIRED READING ASSIGNMENTS

Specify the type of book(s) used for the assignments and the amount of required reading. Do not list specific textbooks in this area.

#### REQUIRED WRITING ASSIGNMENTS

Specify the approximate number and type of writing assignments.

DETERMINING READING LEVEL OF MATERIALS FOR ASSOCIATE DEGREE COURSES

At SCC, the following criteria have been established for determining college-level reading materials. Verification that college-level materials are used in a course is to be documented at the school/department level.

# **Criteria for Determining College Level Materials**

Class materials - textbooks, manuals, handouts - should be grounded in an academic, vocational, or technical area, befitting the course. This determination will be made at the department level.

Materials taught in Associate Degree courses must involve students in critical thinking.

Materials and/or lecture should include some theoretical language which allows students to approach the subject objectively.

At a minimum, materials should not fall below the tenth grade level.

## BEST PRACTICE:

Provide the number of pages of reading and/or writing required each week/semester.

Example: "30-40 pages per week from two textbooks and one technical manual."

Example: "3-4 short essays (3 pages or less) and 1 long essay (10 or more pages) per semester.

#### OTHER ASSIGNMENTS (TERM PROJECT, RESEARCH PAPER, PORTFOLIOS)

List assignments exclusive of regular, expected homework such as field trips, portfolio development, learning lab projects, or other projects. (i.e., writing, design, construction or mechanical)

## **Examples:**

- A 20-page research paper on one specific area of content. OR
- Interview a published author. OR
- Develop a portfolio of drawings demonstrating various techniques covered during the semester OR
- Field Trips to at least two art galleries.

# **Course Content (Outline)**

Provide a comprehensive, sequential outline of the course content. Be as concise as possible but include all major subject matter, and the specific body of knowledge covered. For credit courses, include evidence which indicates that critical thinking skills are taught. (See *Bloom's Taxonomy* pg. 48)

# **Important Notes:**

For both variable-unit and optional-unit courses, the course content outline must clearly and specifically show what content will be covered for each unit value. For example, what course content will be covered if the student takes the course for 1 unit, 2 units, etc.

For repeatable courses, the course content outline must clearly and specifically show how the course differs or which skills or proficiencies are enhanced, each time it is repeated.

The outline should be detailed enough to convey the topics covered fully but not so lengthy that a quick scan cannot ascertain the scope of the course. Do not merely copy the Table of Contents of a textbook.

Provide a complete list all subjects covered in the course. The outline should be presented in the following format:

#### I. First Topic

- A. Sub topic 1
- B. Sub topic 2
  - 1. Sub, sub topic 1
- C. Sub Topic 3

#### II. Second Topic

Single space the information in the outline and double space between major topics (Roman numerals).

# Textbooks, Readings & Resources

## **Level of materials**

Provide information on the level of the materials used in the course by checking the appropriate box. For degree applicable courses, all required materials must be certified by the department as being college-level. See **Criteria for Determining College Level Materials** under "Student Assignments/Homework" (above).

# Textbooks, readings, and resources

List examples of textbooks and other sources and materials which may be used in this course. Provide the author, title, publisher, and date of publication. Textbook examples must have been published in the last five years for articulation purposes or be listed as "classic" texts.

Both the UC and the CSU system require examples of textbooks as a prerequisite to accepting courses for transfer and /or individual articulation agreements.

# **Distance Education Course Approval**

Per Title V §55206, the Curriculum Committee must approve any course delivering any portion of its content via distance education separately from any face-to-face version of that course. (PCAH pg. 18)

# **Separate Course Approval**

If any portion of the instruction in a proposed or existing course or course section is designed to be provided through distance education in lieu of face-to-face interaction between instructor and student, the course shall be separately reviewed and approved according to the district's adopted course approval procedures.

In compliance with this separate approval requirement, the committee considers distance education proposals and course modifications through a separate action after reviewing the online Methods of Instruction & Evaluation forms which provide information on how the instructor will maintain regular effective contact with students and describe how the methods of instruction and evaluation are adapted to the distance education modality. The distance education forms for online/hybrid course modifications, proposals, and curriculum review should be carefully and thoroughly filled out by the instructors responsible for the courses, as this is the Curriculum Committee's only way of knowing that the online version of the course is the full equivalent, in rigor, workload, and instructor-student interaction.

#### What This Means for Course Authors

The DE forms should indicate the adaptations a course will undergo from a face-to-face course to the online modality. If a course already exists in face-to-face format, the course's Methods of Instruction and Methods of Evaluation are automatically populated on the DE form in CurricUNET, leaving only the online adaptations for these methods to be completed.

#### **Methods of Instruction and Methods of Evaluation**

Clearly explain how Instruction and Evaluation will take place in the online environment. Examples of *Online Methods of Instruction* include (but aren't limited to) threaded discussions; instructor developed web lectures; converted power point presentations; digital video clips; graphics (digital charts, diagrams, photos, images, annotated screen shots); digital animations; web quests; online reference resources chat; email; CD/DVD support materials; instructor website; online library resources; textbook supplements.

#### **Sample Assignment**

Provide an actual example of an assignment (or a reasonable summary of the assignment if it is lengthy). (Tip: Pretend the Committee is your class; give the Committee an assignment.)

#### EXAMPLES OF DE FORMS THAT THE COMMITTEE HAS APPROVED

The examples below are taken from actual SCC courses' Distance Education forms.

Example #1

#### **Methods of Instruction**

#### Face to Face

- 1. Lecture/Discussion
- 2. Lecture/Lab

#### **Online Adaptation**

- 1. Lecture will be accomplished using instructor prepared web based lectures and links to appropriate reference sites and technical web sites. Discussions will take place using the course management system discussion board in both group and whole class settings.
- 2. Computer Laboratory exercises will be accomplished using instructor prepared web based computer exercises and links to appropriate reference sites and technical web sites. Laboratory exercises will take place using the course management system and appropriate computer technical applications made available to each individual student.

#### **Methods of Evaluation**

#### **Face to Face**

- 1. Written examinations which require the student to demonstrate knowledge of language syntax and methods of problem-solving using the chosen programming language.
- 2. Lab assignments requiring the student to demonstrate proficiency in the chosen programming language.
- 3. Class discussion

#### **Online Adaptation**

- 1. Online written examinations administered through the CMS (Content Management System)
- 2. Online submission of programming assignments through the CMS, including problem specification documents and sample test results from the assignment
- 3. Discussions will take place using the course management system discussion board in both group and whole class settings.

#### **Sample Assignment**

Using the information from the course lecture notes and your textbook create a problem solution that will calculate pi to the 500<sup>th</sup> decimal place.

Each lab exercise must contain the following and nothing else:

- 1. An electronic copy of your test plan and test results.
- 2. An electronic copy of each fully documented source module you created.
- 3. An electronic copy of each fully documented header file you created.
- 4. An electronic of your user documentation including any special instructions needed for compiling or running your program. Assume you are talking to an end user.

All programs you create must interface to the programs supplied through the MSDNAA agreement.

#### Example #2

#### **Methods of Instruction**

#### **Face to Face**

Primarily the course is taught in a lecture forum with PowerPoint slides and use of the whiteboard. There are discussions about economic concepts and current events.

#### **Online Adaptation**

Students have a written "lecture" portion that they access on the class site as well as PowerPoint slides. Discussions about economic concepts and current events are held in threaded discussions on the class web site.

#### Methods of Evaluation

#### **Face to Face**

Multiple choice/essay tests, homework assignments and a current events project are all used to evaluate students' understanding of the material.

#### **Online Adaptation**

Multiple choice/true/false tests, weekly homework assignments and threaded discussions are all used to evaluate students' understanding of the material. Threaded discussions are graded and are based upon relating economic concepts and current events.

#### Sample Assignment

Below is the threaded discussion topic for this week. You will need to post a thoughtful and thorough response to the following topic. Each week is closed at 11:59 pm the Sunday after the week was opened. In order to receive full credit for the threaded discussion, you must respond to the threaded discussion topic by Thursday at 11:59 pm after the week opened. Your original response to the topic must be at least 10 sentences long and the subject is *your last name*. Then you must respond to at least one other student before the Sunday that it is due (at 11:59 pm). Your response to another student must be at least 4 sentences long. In order to receive full credit for your responses, your responses should not contain typographical errors, grammatical errors, or misspelled words.

Do you imagine that demand for education at community colleges is price elastic, or price inelastic? Why? How does it relate to the determinants of elasticity? What does the elasticity of demand for college education mean in terms of revenue for government (they collect the fees that you pay)? Government has increased fees to help balance the state's budget. Why is this effective?

# **Special Topics and Experimental Courses**



# **Functions of Special Topics Courses**

A Special Topics Course must fulfill at least one of the following functions:

- Experimental function
- Topical or timely function

(A)n experimental course is one for which full information on some approval criterion, such as feasibility or need, cannot be determined until the course is actually offered on a trial basis. After an experimental course has been offered more than once in the same year, it should be submitted to the college curriculum committee for approval as a regular course, or the college should discontinue offering the course as experimental. (PCAH 24)

Experimental courses are still required to have a complete course outline and go through the regular college curriculum review process. Experimental courses are not accepted to meet general education or program major requirements for associate degrees or certificates nor are they to be submitted for IGETC approval. They may be accepted for elective credit for the Associate degree or for elective credit at CSU. (GPCAP 1998, p. 4-5)

A special topics course is one which employs a consistent disciplinary framework, but for which the specific focus may change from term to term. An example is a *Special Topics in Political Science* or *Current Events in Political Science* course in which the content will be different in each term. If a particular topic is addressed regularly, it should be approved as a regular course. The course may continue to run if it is in the approval process to become part of the regular curriculum. (PCAH 24)

Special topics courses that are not "experimental" are not subject to the "one year rule."

#### Responsibility for monitoring Special Topics courses

Academic Deans will be responsible for monitoring each Special Topics course in their schools, and for moving experimental courses into the regular curriculum or deleting them, as appropriate.

#### **Exemption from normal publication deadlines**

Upon Committee and Board approval, instruction for Special Topics courses may begin the following semester. NOTE: This exception of publication deadlines is limited to courses in disciplines that carry the Special Topics statement in the current issue of the General Catalog or Catalog Supplement.

#### **Course Numbering**

Special Topics courses shall be numbered 48, 98, 148, 348, or 548 depending upon their transferability and whether they are credit or non-credit courses.

#### **Restrictions of Special Topics Courses**

Special Topics courses may not:

fulfill general education requirements

• be repeated except to improve a substandard grade

# FURTHER READING (CLICKABLE LINKS)

[GPCAP] GOOD PRACTICES FOR COURSE APPROVAL PROCESSES (ASCCC 1998)

Curriculum, Experimentation, and the Dreaded Question (ASCCC, 2005)

Special Topics Courses (ASCCC)

# **Curriculum Review**



standards.

#### **Goal Statement**

The Solano Community College faculty is committed to maintaining a current, high quality curriculum. In order to accomplish this goal, the Curriculum Committee has established minimum course standards to which all Solano College courses and programs comply. These course standards are based on the course standards stipulated in Title V of the California Education Code.

To insure that high academic standards are maintained, the Curriculum Committee has established a process for reviewing the curriculum on a regular, on-going basis. This review process is the mechanism by which Solano College can guarantee that the curriculum stays current and that the academic standards are preserved.

### **Curriculum Review Process Guidelines**

All courses and program majors within each school shall be reviewed by the discipline faculty at least once every five years. Curriculum review verification forms and appropriate curriculum modification forms shall be completed and submitted for Curriculum Committee review. The school shall rotate this task in accordance with a five-year rotation schedule established jointly by the Curriculum Committee and the Academic Deans. The purpose of the curriculum review shall be to verify that each course and program within the school is current and meets established Curriculum Committee course standards which are based on the Title V course

Each school should determine the best method for their members to carry out the Curriculum Review process. The Curriculum Committee Chair and the Curriculum Analyst meet with the Academic Dean before a department's scheduled review to discuss deadlines and best practices for the review.

If modifications to courses or programs are deemed necessary, the changes are to be submitted for Curriculum Committee approval on the CurricUNET modification form.

A Curriculum Review Verification form (provided by the Curriculum Office) for each discipline/department within a school shall be submitted to the Curriculum Committee for approval. The verification form shall list each course and program major within a discipline/department and should be signed by the faculty members and the Dean who reviews the courses/program majors and are certifying that the curriculum meets the established standards.

A school's curriculum review process shall culminate with the submission of all course modifications and Curriculum Review Verification forms to the Curriculum Committee in a timely manner, according to the established Curriculum Review schedule.

If a department is making significant changes to courses or programs, the department is encouraged to make a presentation, giving an overview of these changes.

#### **Example Curriculum Review Team**

This example is suggested, but not required.

The composition of the Review Teams that will review and certify the courses and programs shall be as follows:

- All full-time faculty members of a discipline shall constitute a curriculum Review Team for that discipline.
- For disciplines where there are fewer than three (3) full-time faculty members, full-time faculty members of closely related disciplines, as determined by a consensus of the department members, shall constitute a curriculum Review Team. Whenever possible, part-time faculty members within the discipline of the course under consideration should be substituted for full-time faculty members of closely related disciplines as long as all curriculum Review Teams have at least one (1) full-time faculty member.

#### Responsibilities

The tasks of the curriculum Review Teams when reviewing existing curriculum are to:

- 1. Verify that each course is classified properly as to whether it is a:
  - credit course applicable to the Associate Degree
  - credit course not applicable to the Associate Degree
  - non-credit course
- 2. Verify that each course meets the requirements appropriate to its classification as established by the Curriculum Committee and based on the California Education Code and §55002 & §55805.5, Standards and Criteria for Courses and Classes.
- 3. Review and revalidate all co/prerequisites and course advisories.
- 4. Verify that all instructional materials used in an associate degree applicable course are collegelevel.
- 5. Verify that all programs majors are composed of appropriate courses, require the appropriate amount of units, and have current descriptions.

# **Getting Started**

Each department will need a Curriculum Review Verification Form (available in the Curriculum Office); all courses must be reviewed, but not every course must be modified. The form is available in the Curriculum office.

#### Note:

If you are making major changes to a transfer-level course or if you discover that a transfer school has made changes to the way a course would transfer, you'll need to contact the Articulation Officer for guidance as soon as possible. If you are making major changes to a transferrable course, you should review comparable courses at other California Community Colleges.

"Critical thinking language" must be incorporated into the Student Performance Objectives (which are distinct from SLOs). Advice for writing Student Performance Objectives can be found starting on page 24 of the ASCCC paper "Course Outline of Record: Curriculum Reference Guide" which is available via your school's Curriculum Committee representative. It is also available online at <a href="https://www.asccc.org">www.asccc.org</a>.

While you are working on your review of each course, please make sure that any reference to other courses, such as a prerequisite, list the course properly; for example, BIO 015, **NOT** BIOSC 15.

# **Verification Forms**

**Curriculum Review Verification Form (example)** 

School:	
Discipline/	Department:
in order to v	sted below have been reviewed by a department-established Review Team verify that they meet or exceed the established curriculum standards be Solano Community College Curriculum Committee.
*Modified	Program Name or Course Dept Name and Number
<u>x</u>	COUR 075: Example Course for this Manual
-	
(* Check if cour Section K.)	rse is being modified. Submit a completed Course Modification form and a revised
Approved by th	e Curriculum Committee 2/12/91.

#### **Curriculum Review Team Verification Form (example)**

School:		<u>-</u>
Discipline/department:_		_

A faculty member's signature certifies that the courses listed on the front of this verification form, EXCEPT those indicated in the "No" column, have been appropriately reviewed and that they meet or exceed the established curriculum standards adopted by the Solano Community College Curriculum Committee. Reasons for a "No" vote must

be specified on a se	parate sheet of paper	and attached t	to this form.	
been reviewed for certify that, except	TION: We verify that the compliance with estending the "Noted in the "Noted in the "Noted by the complex than the complex tha	cablished curr O" area, thes	iculum standards. e courses meet o	Further, we or exceed the
Signatures				
Date	·	 Date		
Date		Date		
Date		Date		
Date	:	Date		
Curriculum Comm	ittee Representative	:	Date	
Dean:			Date	
-	that the following cou Curriculum Committee.		exceed the curricul	um standards
Courses	Signatures			
			Date	e
			Date	<del></del> -
			Date	<u>—</u> е

# **Glossary**



At Committee meetings, new members sometimes get lost in discussions because the veteran members have developed a kind of "shorthand" language when talking about various curricular issues. Following are brief explanations for some terms you may hear at meetings but not understand.

#### **Area of Emphasis**

Eighteen or more semester units in related fields intended to prepare the student for a particular major or related majors at a four-year school, or to prepare a student for a particular field as defined by the community college. (PCAH 12)

#### **Carnegie Unit**

Three hours of student work per week, including class time and/or demonstrated competency, over the term of a full semester (prorated for short-term, laboratory, and activity courses) equates to one Carnegie Unit of student credit, as established by §55002 (b)(1)(B).

#### **Certificate of Achievement**

Any credit certificate that may appear by name on a student transcript, diploma, or completion award, and which requires 18 or more semester units of degree-applicable coursework. Chancellor's Office approval is required. (PCAH 12)

#### CoR

Course Outline of Record

#### Co-requisite

There are two types of co-requisites. The first is a course or equivalent preparation that *must* be taken concurrently with another course. The second is a course or equivalent preparation that may be completed before OR taken concurrently with another course. Both types of co-requisites are listed under "Prerequisites," but the second type is followed by the parenthetical phrase "may be taken concurrently." A student's enrollment in a course with a co-requisite is blocked until the requirements of the co-requisite are satisfied. All co-requisites *require* validation (see Prerequisite and co-requisite validation below).

#### **Course advisory**

A course advisory is another course or equivalent preparation that will *broaden or deepen* a student's learning experience in a subsequent course, but is *not* required for the student to succeed in the subsequent course. A student's enrollment in a course with an advisory is NOT blocked for lack of the advisory skill.

#### Critical thinking skills

Members often remark that a course does not show critical thinking. This is a reference to requirements in the curriculum standards. The Title V changes mentioned above require that degree applicable courses reflect critical thinking skills. In the curriculum standards, critical thinking is required to be reflected in three areas of the course information (Section K)—the Course Objectives, the Methods of Evaluation, and the Content Outline. Most courses satisfy this requirement in the outline by using a "header statement" that specifies which critical thinking skills are required in the course. For example, "Students will be required to analyze,

evaluate, compare and contrast the following characteristics, techniques and themes." See *Bloom's Taxonomy* pg. 48

#### **Distance Education**

As defined by §55200, distance education is "instruction in which the instructor and student are separated by distance and interact through the assistance of communication technology."

#### **Exemption form**

A degree applicable course may be approved without one or both of the SCC minimum standards if the proposer submits this form explaining why students can succeed in this college-level course without the minimum skills standards.

#### **Experimental Courses**

An experimental course is one for which full information on some approval criterion, such as feasibility or need, cannot be determined until the course is actually offered on a trial basis. After an experimental course has been offered more than once in the same year, it should be submitted to the college curriculum committee for approval as a regular course, or the college should discontinue offering the course as experimental. (PCAH 24) Such experimental courses are still required to have a complete course outline and go through the regular college curriculum review process. Experimental courses are not accepted to meet general education or program major requirements for associate degrees or certificates nor are they to be submitted for IGETC approval. They may be accepted for elective credit for the Associate degree or for elective credit at CSU. (GPCAP 1998, p. 4-5) See page 38 for more information.

#### **Hybrid Courses**

Hybrid courses are those courses where less than 51%, but some portion of the class, is delivered online. They are coded as non-distance education for MIS reporting purposes; however, they are considered distance education for *curricular* purposes and must meet the DE requirements and quality standards. §55204 states that regular, effective contact applies to *all* distance education instruction (not just courses that provide 51% or more of instruction through DE).

#### **Optional Units Course**

A course that may be scheduled in different semesters for different numbers of units, with corresponding changes in contact hours (NOT a variable unit course).

#### **Prerequisite**

A course or equivalent preparation that *must* be completed *before* enrolling in another course. A student's enrollment in a course with a prerequisite is blocked until the requirements of the prerequisite are satisfied.

#### Prerequisite and co-requisite validation

If a course has any preparation indicated on lines 7a or b of the Section K, that preparation MUST be validated. There are different levels of validation which are all explained in the Prerequisites, Co-requisites, and Course Advisories Policy, but any course submitted with a prerequisite or co-requisite must have accompanying signed validation.

#### **Program**

A coordinated body of courses in a subject matter area. "Approved Programs" at Solano College are those programs which have been approved by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. The list of approved programs and the current TOPs code information are available in the Curriculum Office.

#### **Program Major**

A coordinated body of courses (18 units or more) in a subject matter area as designated by the college. Majors do not require State approval. Majors and programs may be identical (example: English is both a program and a major); however, in some instances majors may be courses of study within programs (example: Airframe Maintenance Technician is a major within the Aeronautics program).

#### **SCC minimum English and Math Standards**

These are course advisories. In 1985 Title V regulations changed in an effort to strengthen associate degrees. The current SCC curriculum standards were developed based on these Title V regulations. One of the requirements was that colleges establish minimum skills standards for associate degree courses. Those skills standards at Solano College are the SCC minimum standards. The minimum English standard is eligibility for English 370 and the math is eligibility for Math 330. The curriculum standards require that all degree applicable courses have these standards as course advisories.

#### **Special Topic Course**

A special topics course is one which employs a consistent disciplinary framework, but for which the specific focus may change from term to term. An example is a *Special Topics in Political Science* or *Current Events in Political Science* course in which the content will be different in each term. If a particular topic is addressed regularly, it should be approved as a regular course. (PCAH 24) Special topics courses should be differentiated from experimental courses. See page 38 for more information.

#### Stand-alone course

A credit course that is nondegree-applicable OR a credit course that IS degree-applicable which is not part of an approved educational program.

#### Title 5

That portion of the California Education Code that governs community colleges.

#### **TOP** code

The Taxonomy of Programs; a numerical system used at the Chancellor's Office to collect and report system wide information on programs and courses that have similar outcomes. (PCAH 9)

#### Variable-Unit Course

A course that is offered for a range of units during the same semester. These courses are always positive attendance courses unless they are independent study or work experience courses (NOT an optional unit course).

#### **Optional Units Course**

A course that may be scheduled in different semesters for different numbers of units, with corresponding changes in contact hours (NOT a variable unit course).

# Section I CON KEY

🔼 PDF Link

Word Doc. Link

WWW Link

# **References & Resources**

GPCAP: Good Practices for Course Approval Processes (ASCCC, Spring 1998)

PCAH: *Program & Course Approval Handbook* (3<sup>rd</sup> edition, March 2009)

COR | CRG: Course Outline of Record: Curriculum Reference Guide (ASCCC, Spring 2008)

Distance Education Guidelines (Omnibus 2008)

SCC Mission, Vision, Values, & Strategic Goals

SCC Student Learning Outcomes

Title V (California Code of Regulations)

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Cross-Cultural Studies Requirement	53
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# Bloom's Taxonomy Verbs Demonstrating Cognitive Activity

Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	Analysis	Synthesis	Evaluation
know restate identify locate relate report list recognize define explain recall express memorize identify repeat discuss record describe name discuss recognize review acquire infer illustrate	locate report recognize explain express identify discuss describe discuss review infer	apply relate develop translate use operate organize employ restructure interpret demonstrate illustrate practice calculate show	analyze compare probe inquire examine contrast categorize differentiate contrast investigate detect survey classify deduce experiment	compose produce design assemble create prepare predict modify tell plan invent formulate collect set up generalize	judge assess compare evaluate conclude measure deduce argue decide choose rate select estimate validate consider
	represent differentiate conclude	exhibit dramatize	scrutinize discover inspect dissect discriminate separate	document combine relate propose develop arrange construct organize originate derive urite propose	appraise value criticize infer

# **Course Outline of Record Checklist**

#### **Directions**

This checklist is divided into two parts. The first part is to be used in reviewing individual courses, and the second part in reviewing overall programs and program majors.

The purpose of a curriculum review is to verify that existing courses and programs comply with current course and program standards. The Curriculum Committee expects that during a school's Curriculum Review, all areas of the curriculum will be reviewed for this purpose. In addition, any elements(s) listed below should be given particular attention for this curriculum review.

**Part 1 - Courses:** For individual courses, the following lists contain all of the elements of the Official Course Information (Section K); the Section K is used by the Curriculum Committee to determine the academic characteristics of courses submitted for approval. This list may be used to verify each area of a course as it is reviewed.

**Part 2 - Program majors:** Verify that each item on the list has been reviewed. Changes made in courses may affect program(s), be sure to update program(s) via program modification in CurricUNET.

Part 1 – Courses		
1. Course Number	Is the course number consistent with the college's numbering guidelines? See current college catalog	
	Course Numbering System:	
	<b>001-049:</b> Qualify for AA/AS Degree; transfers to UC and CSU	
	<b>050-099:</b> Qualify for AA/AS Degree; transfers to CSU	
	100-199: Qualify for AA/AS Degree; generally do not transfer to four-year institutions. Some courses may be used to meet requirements in certain majors.	
	<b>200-299:</b> Vocational, credit courses; which DO NOT apply to AA/AS Degree and do not transfer to four-year institutions	
	<b>300-399:</b> Credit courses which DO NOT apply to AA/AS Degree	
	500-599: Non-credit courses	
2. Course Title	Does title accurately reflect content of course?	
	Short Course Title is limited to 30 characters max.	
	Long Course Title is limited to 100 characters max.	

3. Units	a Daga the COD instifutor validate the house relative to the
	Does the COR justify or validate the hours relative to the
(COR Guide pp. 16-17)	units being listed?
	1 hr lecture per week = 1 unit
	2 hrs activity per week = 1 unit
	3 hrs lab per week = 1 unit
	Round up to the nearest ½ unit.
	Note: One credit hour or unit should encompass no fewer
	than 48 hours of coursework (course time in or out of class)
	For example: 1 unit of lecture course should have 16 in class
	lecture hours plus 32 out of class homework hours).
4a. Type of Course	What is the course type?
	Credit-Degree Applicable, Credit-Not Degree Applicable, or
	Non-Credit?
4b. Transfer Status	What is the transfer status?
	UC, CSU/Private, Basic Skill, or Non-Transferrable?
5. Weekly Contact Hours	Indicate the weekly lecture, activity, lab or by arrangement hours
5a. Course Length	Is this a full-term or short-term course?
	If a short-term course, are the number of weeks indicated?
6. Method of Instruction (COR Guide p.	Describe the specific methods of instruction:
30)	Lecture, Lab, Lecture/Lab, Online, Hybrid, Field Experience,
	Work Experience, Tutoring, Directed/Independent Study
	Distance Education refers to any face-to-face class time
	being substituted with an alternate delivery method. If
	Online or Hybrid method of instruction is offered, the DE
	page must be completed in CurricUNET.
	Page mast ac completed in Conficontain

7. Prerequisites, Co-requisites and	Prerequisites:
Advisories	<ul> <li>If a degree applicable course, does it have minimum English</li> </ul>
(COR Guide p. 18)	and Math standards? If no, has an exemption for the
(00 ii 0 ai a a pi 10)	minimums been completed?
	<ul> <li>Adding/changing a prerequisite requires CONTENT REVIEW.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Has the validation work for co/perquisites been completed?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>During Curriculum Review, courses that have requisite</li> </ul>
	requirements must complete the requisite validation page in
	CurricUNET.
	Will block registration in this course.
	The prerequisite course must have been previously
	completed.
	Co-requisites:
	<ul> <li>Must be taken simultaneously.</li> </ul>
	Adding/changing a co-requisite requires CONTENT REVIEW
	Will block registration in this course.
	Advisories:
	<ul> <li>Does it have minimum English and Math standards for</li> </ul>
	transferrable courses?
	Recommended to ensure student success.
	Does NOT block enrollment in the course.
8. Repeatability Criteria	A course may be repeated ONLY if one of the following is true
·	(and the rationale must be specified on the COR):
	• The content of the course differs each time it is offered (COR
	must explicitly specify how content differs)
	The course is an "activity" course in which the student meets
	course objectives by repeating a similar primary educational
	activity and gains an expanded educational experience each
	time the course repeated
	Repetition is necessary for a student to meet legally
	mandated training requirements as a condition of continued
	paid or volunteer employment
	If the course does not meet the above criteria, it is not
	repeatable
9. Catalog Description	A short paragraph that provides a well-developed overview of
(COR Guide p. 20)	topics covered and identifies the target audience.
	Does it accurately convey the content of the course?
	Field Trip potential or other requirements that impose a
	logistical or fiscal burden on students should be included
10a Student Learning Cutes as	along with an option for alternatives
10a. Student Learning Outcomes	Provides students with a clear understanding of what they will be able to do when they finish their studies at Solane.
	will be able to do when they finish their studies at Solano
	<ul><li>College</li><li>"SLO update" process is available in CurricUNET for</li></ul>
	modifying SLO contents.
	<ul> <li>For further information contact the SLO coordinator</li> </ul>
10b. Student Performance Objectives	
Tob. Student Periormance Objectives	• Outline format (A, B, C, 1, 2, 3, a, b, c).

(COR Guide p. 25)	<ul> <li>List principle concepts, knowledge, skills and abilities.</li> <li>Use Bloom's Taxonomy; courses are required to demonstrate critical thinking therefore faculty should consider using appropriate Bloom's terminology.</li> <li>Most courses will have several specific learning objectives.</li> <li>Are objectives measurable (quantitative or qualitative)?</li> <li>Do objectives demonstrate that students will learn critical thinking skills and that they will be able to apply concepts learned at college level?</li> </ul>
11. Methods of Evaluation (Student Achievement) (COR Guide p. 34)	<ul> <li>Must specify types and provide examples:         <ul> <li>Examples:</li> <li>Exams/homework/papers</li> <li>Evaluation of contributions to class discussions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Should clearly align with the Course Objectives.</li> <li>Must effectively evaluate student's mastery of critical thinking.</li> <li>Do the methods of evaluation reflect the stated course objectives?</li> </ul>
12. Student Assignments (Homework): Required Reading & Writing Assignments, Outside of	<ul> <li>Is there a variety of evaluation methods?</li> <li>This is a REQUIRED field.</li> <li>Do the homework assignments reflect enough independent work outside of class per unit of credit for each lecture hour?</li> </ul>
Class Assignments and Other (COR Guide p. 37)	<ul> <li>Examples:</li> <li>Ten poems or four or five pieces of short fiction or a combination, or a longer, single, sustained writing project and seven to ten pages on a research topic.</li> <li>Students may be required to write reports from one paragraph to several pages explaining concepts or explaining and interpreting solutions to non-routine or applied problems.</li> </ul>
13. Course Content Outline (COR Guide p. 28)	<ul> <li>Includes a complete list of all topics to be taught in the course.</li> <li>Lists should be arranged by topic with sub-headings (outline format)</li> <li>If a degree applicable course, does the outline include evidence indicating that critical thinking skills are taught</li> <li>If a variable or optional unit course, does outline CLEARLY reflect what content will be covered for each unit value?</li> <li>If course is repeatable, does the outline CLEARLY reflect what content will be covered each time the course is taken?</li> </ul>
14. Textbooks, resource and other materials	<ul> <li>For degree applicable courses, are the textbooks college level?</li> <li>For transferrable courses, is the textbook five years old or less?</li> <li>If the textbook exceeds five years, "Classic" must be specified</li> </ul>

# Part 2 – Programs and Program Majors Course

Programs and Program Majors	Have all inactive courses been deleted?
Course	<ul> <li>Are the number of units appropriate for the major?</li> </ul>
	• Are the electives in the major recommended or required? Are
	they designated?
	<ul> <li>Is the program major description current?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Changes made in courses may affect program(s), be sure to</li> </ul>
	update program(s) via program modification in CurricUNET

# **Cross-Cultural Studies Requirement**

#### **Goal Statement**

Because of the increasingly pluralistic society in which we live, an enlightened cultural awareness, knowledge, and understanding have become desirable components to consider when designing a general education program for the community college student.

To achieve this purpose, we need courses that will give students a broad understanding and appreciation of the diverse society in the United States and provide a historical perspective of who we are as an American people.

Cross-cultural courses should examine interactions among cultures, challenge an individual's values and believes, and work to promote racial, ethnic, and cultural harmony within the United States.

#### Criteria

Courses that fulfill the cross-cultural general education requirement for the associate degree must include:

#### 1. Diversity

- o Ascertain the primary emphasis of courses to be on racial, ethnic, and cultural diversity.
- o Give evidence of these diversities within the United States.
- 2. A broad understanding and appreciation of the diverse society in the United States:
  - Explore the theories related to the complexities of cross-cultural communication, including not only language but also living patterns and interactions.
  - Analyze patterns of group relations with emphasis on comparing and contrasting the wide variety of theories/perspectives/intergroup conflicts.
  - Examine individual values and beliefs:

- The course will ask students to challenge, understand, defend, critique, and reformulate values and theoretical perspectives on race, ethnicity, and culture.
- o Explore the destructive nature and function of racism and discrimination.

A historical perspective of who we are as an American people.

• Offer a unique opportunity for the student to understand racial, ethnic, and cultural relations in the United States from a historical perspective.

In addition, wherever possible, course proposers are encouraged to:

- Examine historical and economic relationship between dominant and non-dominant groups and institutional functions related to dependency, political power/control and self-determination.
- Explore the relationship between the cultural heritage of ethnic groups and their prognosis for the future in such institutions as education, politics, and economics.

# FAQ: Course Advisories, Co- and Prerequisites

For full details on the establishment of (and challenges of) advisories and co/prerequisites, see Board Policy 6023.

Policy 6023 states that "Prerequisites, corequisites, and certain limitations on enrollment will be established only if: a) The faculty in the discipline or, if the College has no faculty member in the discipline, the faculty in the [department] do all of the following:

- 1. Approve the course; and,
- 2. As a separate action, approve any prerequisite, and/or corequisite, only if: ..." [I.C.3.a.(1)-(2)]

The policy also stipulates that the Curriculum Committee, too, must approve the advisory, co/prerequisite in a **separate action**. [I.C.3.b] The Chancellor's Office/Academic Senate joint task force which developed the model policy (c. 1994) asserted that "It is also crucial that the approval of the prerequisite or corequiste (or advisory) be done explicitly and not be inferred from the approval of the course.

What are problems for college-level courses that don't have prerequisites?

▲ The Curriculum Committee assumes that, in accordance with the Title V Standards and Criteria for

Courses and Classes, all degree-level applicable courses are comprised of academically rigorous, college-level curriculum. Therefore, in order to insure that students are able to perform math, reading, and writing at the levels needed to be successful in Associate Degree courses across the disciplines, the Curriculum Committee established recommended minimum English and mathematics standards. Consistent with the assumption that all degree applicable courses are college-level, and in compliance with Title V Standards and Criteria for courses and Classes, the Curriculum Committee expects that the SCC minimum English and math standards will be recommended for all degree-applicable courses. The Committee recognizes, though, that there may be exceptions to this standard and will consider requests for exception on a case-by-case basis.

# Q Can a student challenge a prerequisite?

A Yes. Title V stipulates that, although prerequisites are to be enforced, students have the right to challenge prerequisites based on very specific grounds.

The student can challenge the prerequisite on one or more of five specified reasons:

- 1. The prerequisite approval did not follow Policy 6023
- 2. It is not necessary for success in the course
- 3. It is unlawfully discriminatory
- 4. The prerequisite course has not been made reasonably available and, thus, if the student has to wait to take it, s/he will be delayed in completion of her/his official educational goal (that is, the Individualized Education Plan [IEP] timeline will not be met
- 5. The student can substantiate having the knowledge or skills to be successful in the course despite not meeting the prerequisite

# **CurricUNET**

These documents are also available under the HELP menu of CurricUNET at <a href="http://www.curricunet.com/Solano/user-guide.cfm">http://www.curricunet.com/Solano/user-guide.cfm</a>.

Logging On
Creating a New Course
Course Modification
Course Deletion
Help Information Section A-K
Notification and Approval Process
Adding Courses to Programs
Look Up tables Worksheet
CurricUNET New Course Development Quick Start Page
Using Outline Tool
Users and Rights
Contact Page